

The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY.

MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY, APRIL 16, 1906

XLIV—NO. 4

FIVE FIRMS SIGNED SCALE.

Large Mine Owners Did Not
Sign New Wage Scale.

WORK TO BE RESUMED MONDAY

The Miners and Operators Discussed the District Situation Friday Afternoon, in a Joint Conference.

The miners' convention in the Trades and Labor Assembly hall Friday adjourned at 6 o'clock, when five mine owning firms signed a scale for two years ending April 1, 1908. The signers were as follows: John P. Jones, of North Lawrence; the Card & Prosser Coal Company, of Wadsworth; the Newman Creek Coal Company, of Massillon; J. M. Rowley & Company, of Akron; the Wayne Coal Company, of Lodi.

The operators of the district met with the miners from 4 to 6 o'clock and the entire range of differences in the district was discussed. The three largest operators, the Massillon Coal Mining Company, the Pocock Coal Company and the South Massillon Coal Company, did not sign.

The operators who did sign the scale will resume work next Monday morning. President Peter Gorman said after the meeting that the operators who signed employ about 350 miners when operating their mines with full forces. The meeting adjourned with the best of feeling between the operators and the miners.

THE SCALE.

The following is the scale which was signed by both miners and five operators:

Detailed mining, day labor and dead work scale agreed to by and between the joint committee of miners and operators of sub-district No. 3 (Massillon) of district No. 6, U. M. W. of A., at Massillon, O., April 13, 1906, effective from April 1, 1906, to April 1, 1908, as follows:

PICK MINING.

Mining screened lump coal, per ton \$.90
Mining run of mine coal, per ton67 1/2
Slack, per car 1.14
Entry, single shift, per yard 2.38
Entry, double shift, per yard 2.67
Entry breakthroughs, per yard 2.05
Entry breakthroughs, double shift, per yard 2.34
Room breakthroughs, per yard 1.53
Room turning 3.10
Entry four yards wide to be 25 cents per yard less than narrow entries.

The standard height of coal shall be three feet six inches, and three cents per ton extra shall be paid for said height of three feet six inches, and down to three feet three inches; six cents per ton extra shall be paid for three feet three inches and down to three feet; twelve cents per ton extra shall be paid for three feet, and six cents per ton additional for each three inches under three feet. This agreement shall remain in force for a period of ten years from April 1, 1903.

When a miner is called upon to do company work in the mines he shall receive scale rate of wages. When called outside he shall receive inside day wages, but in no case shall be compelled to leave his place of work against his will.

Five and five-eighths cents per ton shall be paid for all coal mined in addition to the regular price on room or pillar work when double shift or night work is required.

The limit of breakthroughs between rooms shall be four and one-half yards. All in excess of said limit shall be paid entry price.

The limit of entry breakthroughs shall be eight yards without a road being put in. All in excess of said limit shall be paid entry price.

Breakthroughs between entries and rooms and rooms and entries to be considered as entry breakthroughs and paid as same.

The price of all wet work shall be agreed upon by miner and mine boss. The company shall take water out or agree with miner as to price.

When dirt must be removed to prepare pillar the miner shall be paid as agreed upon by miner and mine boss, or company remove the same.

Dirt coming down unavoidably, three and three-eighths cents per ton for every three inches shall be paid.

Ripping top or bottom six and three-fourths cents per inch per yard shall be paid.

The price of horsebacks shall be agreed upon by miner and mine boss.

Pay day shall be twice per month with tabulated statements and full settlements.

No strike or shutdown shall take place at any of the mines under the jurisdiction of sub district No. 3 (Massillon) of district No. 6, U. M. W. of A., excepting for a plain violation of agreement, refusal of employers to pay on regular pay day without explanation, or a violation of the mining laws, until the grievance at the mine affected has been thoroughly investigated by the local or sub-district officials and the operators interested by a joint investigation.

No meeting shall take place at any mine during working hours or within fifteen minutes of commencing time.

INSIDE DAY WAGES.

Track layers, per day \$2.56
Track layers' helpers, per day 2.36
Trappers, per day 1.13
Bottom cagers, per day 2.56
Drivers, per day 2.56
Trip riders, per day 2.56
Water haulers and machine haulers, per day 2.56
Timber men, per day 2.56
Pipe men, for compressed air plants, per day 2.50
Wire men, per day 2.56
Motor men, minimum, per day 2.56
Rock entry, or tunnel men, per day 2.56
All other inside day labor, per day 2.36
Sinkers, per day 2.80
Sinkers, leaders, per day 3.05

OUTSIDE DAY WAGE SCALE.

Blacksmith, minimum, per day \$2.53
Dumpers, per day 2.00
Trimmers, per day 2.00
Second trimmers, per day 1.90
First engineer, per day, not to exceed 10 hours 2.55
Second engineer, per day, not to exceed 8 hours 2.30
Third engineer, per day, not to exceed 8 hours 2.10
Day firemen, per day, not to exceed 8 hours 2.00
Top man or boat tenders 2.00

In case of a disagreement on the scale or any portion thereof at any time hereafter, or of any local difficulties during the scale year, all engineers, firemen and pump tenders shall be required to remain at their posts for the purpose of keeping the mines free from water, and the engineers shall hoist such coal, men, rules and material as may be necessary for the protection of the same and for supplying the boilers with fuel. But in no case shall they be required to hoist coal for sale or shipment while such disagreement is pending. This agreement shall take effect June 1, 1903, and expire ———, except as to the provision relating to the protection of the mines ———, on March 31, 1904.

Where any blacksmith is now receiving more than \$2.53 per day, 5 9-10 per cent shall be added to present wages.

All outside labor not enumerated in the above scale shall receive 5 9-10 per cent advance on the wages now being paid.

Standard time shall be used in this district. Work to commence at 7 a. m., taking one-half hour for dinner, from 11 a. m. to 11:30 a. m. and quitting at 3:30 p. m.

Powder, per keg \$1.80
Oil, per gallon65
House coal, per ton 1.80
Smthing in entries, per ton02
Smthing in rooms, per ton01

In behalf of miners: G. W. Savage, state secretary; F. J. Gorman, John N. Davis, John H. Adams, Charles W. Ketter, Thomas Savage, James Flounders, Harry Welty, Jacob E. Heimbuch.

In behalf of operators: John J. Jones Coal Company; The Card & Prosser Coal Company, by M. S. Gallagher, secretary-treasurer; Newman Creek Coal Company, per F. J. Keller, superintendent; J. M. Rowley & Company, per O. O. Dibble; the Wayne Coal Company, per O. O. Dibble.

PAROLED AFTER FOUR YEARS.

Sarah Robinson, Stark County, Released from Penitentiary.

Columbus, April 14.—Sarah Robinson, who was sentenced from Stark county for a term of seventeen years, for manslaughter, was paroled Friday by the board of managers of the Ohio state penitentiary. She was convicted in the year 1903, and received at the institution on July 30 of the same year. She had served nearly four years of her term when she was paroled.

Holler's Rocky Mountain Tea is a wonderful spring tonic. It drives out all impurities. A good thing for the whole family. Keeps you well all summer. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. The Baltzy Company.

Hives, eczema, itch or salt rheum sets you crazy. Can't bear the touch of your clothing. Doan's Ointment cures the most obstinate cases. Why suffer? All druggists sell it.

GREEN SEAL LIQUID PAINT Is cheap only in price. There is no economy in things that are cheap in quality. "Green Seal" is the best paint. Costs no more than the others. For sale by the Hawk Hardware Co.

WHY OPERATORS DID NOT SIGN.

Representatives of Large
Companies Give Reasons.

ADVERSE TRADE CONDITIONS.

Arbitration is Wanted by Large
Operators, Who are Waiting
for a Reply from Miners' Executive Board, Which Will
Meet in Indianapolis Soon.

Representatives of the Massillon Coal Mining Company, the Pocock Coal Company and the South Massillon Coal Company were asked by an Independent reporter, Saturday, for their reasons for refusing to sign the wage scale as it was adopted by the Massillon district miners in convention here Friday, when some of the smaller operators did sign the scale.

George H. Hornickel, superintendent of the Massillon Coal Mining Company, said:

"The operators of the middle part of the Massillon district who supply the entire domestic trade and produce ninety-five per cent of the output of the district, have not signed the scale because the mining and trade conditions do not warrant it at present."

Mr. Hornickel and other large operators pointed out that while there were about 2,000 miners in the Massillon district, only about 145 will return to work Monday for the operators who signed the scale Friday. It was stated that the Newman Creek Coal Company employs about twenty men; John P. Jones about sixty; Card & Prosser about eighty; the Wayne Coal Company about ten, and J. M. Rowley & Company about ten miners. It was also stated that the Newman Creek Coal Company would work out its mine in about sixty days; that John P. Jones would finish a large amount of his work in about the same time; that Card & Prosser have railroad contracts which must be filled or the firm will lose its business; that the Wayne Coal Company and J. M. Rowley furnish only for local consumption, the latter company not even having a switch to its mine.

It was also stated that some of the operators who signed the scale Friday had never before met with other operators or affiliated in behalf of the district.

"The impression should be corrected," said F. F. Taggart, "that any great number of miners are to return to work by the signing of the scale Friday. Practically ninety-five per cent of the miners will still be idle next week and probably more will be idle in a few weeks. Mining conditions are unsettled in Ohio, and especially in the Massillon district, and the signing up of a few small companies does not change conditions generally in any particular."

The large companies in the Massillon district will remain firm in the stand taken by Chairman John H. Winder, of the operators of Ohio, when he asked for arbitration. Mr. Winder's policy is stated in a telegram to President John Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers. The telegram is as follows:

"I propose that, subject to the approval of a convention of the bituminous operators of western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, which shall be called at the earliest date, the differences between us be referred for determination and settlement to be board of arbitration composed of the members of the present board of conciliation provided for in the award of the anthracite coal strike commission with Judge Gray, or any person he may appoint, to act as chairman and umpire."

"The decision of this tribunal or the majority of the members thereof, insofar as it influences wages, is to be effective from April 1, 1906, and to continue in force until March 31, 1908, which decision is to be final and binding on all parties interested. The employers of the bituminous mines in the territory named are to resume work immediately and to continue at work pending a decision of said board."

President Mitchell replied as follows:

"I have no authority either to accept or to decline the proposition you make to arbitrate the differences between the bituminous operators and miners. The international executive board of the United Mine Workers of America will convene in Indianapolis on April 17, at which time your telegram will be laid before it and the decision will be communicated to you."

After citing the position taken by the operators, Mr. Hornickel said:

"Under these conditions the operators of the Massillon district consider

it an act of discourtesy to President Mitchell and the executive board to take definite action until after April 17, when a decision will be given as to the stand to be taken regarding arbitration by the miners' national officers."

STATEMENT FROM DOWIE.

Has Not Agreed to Settlement
on Basis Proposed.

Chicago, April 14.—(By Associated Press.)—Attorney Wetten, for Dowie, today issued a statement to the effect that the report that a compromise of Zion City troubles has been reached, on a basis of the payment of five per cent of the gross assets of Zion City to Dowie, is untrue. Mr. Wetten adds that negotiations for a settlement outside of the courts is still in progress and that he has strong hopes of this ultimate success.

THE MURDERERS ARE AT LARGE.

Orrville Officers are Running
Down Many Clews.

TRAMPS GIVEN THEIR FREEDOM

Orrville Officers Say Three Men
Boarded a Freight Train at
Massillon Thursday — They
are Suspected of the Deed.

Several reports were in circulation Friday evening and Saturday that three Massillon young men killed Thomas Dye at Orrville, Thursday night, by shooting him through the heart. As yet there is nothing definite to the rumors, which seem to have started in Orrville during the coroner's inquest at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon.

The only tangible information leading to the statement is that three young men are known to have boarded a westbound freight train near the Pocock Company's glass factory, Thursday. Either these three men or three other men were put off a freight train at Orrville. These facts have been connected with several rumors in Orrville until the statement has been sent out from Wooster that the Wayne county authorities believe the murder was committed by three men from Massillon or vicinity.

Marshal Riley Drushal, of Orrville, came to Massillon Friday evening to investigate the rumor that three men had boarded a westbound Wheeling & Lake Erie freight train. He found such to be the case, after being accompanied by a Massillon officer to the railroad company's officials.

But very meager descriptions of the three men can be furnished by the Orrville officers or residents, who claim to have seen three men in Orrville Thursday afternoon and who are supposed to have committed the murder. The men had revolvers, as one was taken from one of the three men in William Dugan's saloon in the evening, while the owner was intoxicated. It was a thirty-eight caliber weapon and one chamber was empty. In some manner a report was started that the revolver was secured at a Massillon hardware store. Inquiry here shows that a thirty-eight caliber revolver was sold by a local hardware dealer Thursday. As yet the Orrville officers have not brought the revolver to Massillon to be identified.

The five tramps arrested in Orrville Friday morning were released in the evening. Three men arrested at Medina and held on suspicion were also liberated Friday night.

Marshal Drushal left Orrville early Saturday morning for the country to investigate a clew that had reached his ears after leaving Massillon. The Orrville officers do not think the men who committed the murder came to Massillon. As yet the officers have not taken up the case in this city. It is thought the men left Orrville on a westbound freight train.

FORMOSA SHAKEN.

Great Loss of Life and Property
by Earthquake.

Tokio, April 14.—(By Associated Press.)—A violent earthquake occurred this morning in the southern part of the island of Formosa. The casualties and damage are reported to be heavier than at the time of the last earthquake.

Its equal as a curative agent does not exist. So perfect is the medicinal action as to challenge the admiration of the medical profession. Such is Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. The Baltzy Company.

TEMPORARY INJUNCTION

Massillon Light, Heat & Power Company Enjoined.

THIRD APPLICATION OF THE KIND

Petition Filed by Two Residents
of Lawrence Township—Damage
Suit for \$10,000 Commenced
Against the Canton-Akron
Railway Company by
Canton Woman.

Canton, April 14.—The Massillon Light, Heat and Power Company has been enjoined in Judge Ambler's court from proceeding with its lines over the lands of William Fitz and Frank A. Fisher, farmers in Lawrence township, owning jointly one hundred acres of land. The company desires to cross these lands in building its lines to Canal Fulton. This makes the third application for an injunction of the same kind that has been filed in court here. April 23 has been set apart as the day the company must come into court and state its reasons, if any, against the issuance of a permanent injunction.

Amanda Hate, of 615 Slusser street, brought suit against the Canton-Akron Railway Company in common pleas court Saturday morning for \$10,000, which she claims as damages for injuries received in an alleged street car accident, happening June 14, 1905. Plaintiff says she was riding in a car along East North street and dismounted at the intersection of Slusser street. The conductor, it is averred, signaled the car to start before the plaintiff left the last step. The petition says she was thrown to the ground and injuries were sustained about the head, neck and left side of the body.

United States Commissioner Julius Whiting was in Akron Friday night, where the preliminary hearing of George C. Siger, Arthur M. Campbell and W. H. Carter on the charges of sending prohibited matter through the United States mails was conducted. All waived examination and were bound over to the United States district court under bonds of \$1,000 each. Saturday morning William Slater, of the same city, was given a similar hearing here and he was also bound over in the same sum. These men, it is alleged, are the proprietors of the Crosby Rubber Company, and it is claimed that the seizure of goods belonging to the company in Akron Friday afternoon was the biggest of the kind that has ever been made by the postoffice authorities. The contraband goods were valued at about \$6,000.

Dr. A. V. Smith, at the head of the Canton board of health, is after the H. B. Camp Company, having a plant at Aultman station, north of Canton, on the B. & O. lines, for polluting the water that residents of Canton are sometimes compelled to drink when creek water is used. They have three outbuildings standing on the banks of the creek and the health officer says that the jurisdiction of the local board extends that far, as far as water rights are concerned, and they will either remove these sources of nuisance or there will be trouble.

The annual May concert given by the Arion Singing Society at the Auditorium Sunday afternoon, May 6, will be one of the grandest things ever attempted by a German singing society in this section of Ohio, outside of a regular saengerfest. On this occasion they will be assisted by the Alliance Harmonic Society, the Massillon society, the Akron Liedertafel, Akron Saengerbund, the Cleveland Harmonic and other societies in this section. Emerson's orchestra will assist and Prof. Phil Schelling will be the director. The soloists will be Miss Eva Pfendler, contralto, of Canton; Julius Roswog, basso, of Cleveland; A. M. Schuff, violin, Alliance; Miss Marie A. Huber, pianist, of Canton. The singing societies mentioned above consist of male voices only, but the Alpenroesi, the Swiss singers, of Canton, who will also take part, is composed of mixed voices. The grand chorus will consist of one hundred and fifty voices. Each of the visiting societies will have one or two numbers on the programme.

FIXING THINGS UP

For spring may be accomplished with greater ease and better results, by using Green Seal Liquid Paint than by any other means. For sale by the Hawk Hardware Co.

Don't use harsh physics. The reaction weakens the bowels, leads to chronic constipation. Get Doan's Regule. They operate easily, tone the stomach, cure constipation.

CORNER STONE LAID.

President Roosevelt was the
Principal Speaker.

Washington, April 14.—(By Associated Press.)—In the presence of a distinguished assemblage, with the President of the United States taking a prominent part, and with the supreme court, Senate, House of Representatives and the diplomatic corps as spectators, and before a large concourse of people, the corner stone of the office building for the House of Representatives was laid with impressive ceremonies this afternoon. The address of the day was made by President Roosevelt on "The Man With the Muck Rake." Addresses were also made by Speaker Cannon, Representative Hepburn and others. The building fronts on B street 476 feet, on New Jersey avenue 470 feet, on First street 453 feet and on C street 348 feet. It will contain four hundred and ten rooms for members, together with a multiplicity of caucus rooms, audience rooms, postoffice, restaurant and other features of a modern office building.

The Senate was in session but six minutes today, on account of the corner stone laying.

MONEY WANTED FROM THE STATE

Clark Metzgar Visited the
County Commissioners.

FOR HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT.

Stark County is Entitled to
\$1,700, but Application for
it Must be Made Before April
30 by the County Commissioners.

Clark Metzgar went to Canton Saturday afternoon to have an audience with the county commissioners and to try to induce the commissioners to make application to the state highway commission for Stark county's share of the \$150,000 appropriation made by the recent general assembly for road improvement. Mr. Metzgar said that Stark county is entitled to about \$1,700 of this money for the improvement of highways.

The state law provides that the application for a county's share must be in the hands of the state commission not later than April 30. Either the county commissioners or a property owner may make application for the county's share. If a property owner does make application, that application must have the approval of the county commissioners.

Mr. Metzgar is a vice president of the Massillon Good Roads Association, which aims to have some road, not yet determined upon, improved to some extent during the next year. The first step in the process is to have an application filed with the state commission in Columbus before April 30.

The money to be obtained from the state is not intended to do all the improvement desired, as the state pays a certain per cent of the cost of the work, the county another share and the property owners still another share. It is thus aimed to have the appropriation become an incentive to county commissioners and property owners.

It was estimated by the commission when the appropriation was made by the general assembly that if all the counties took advantage of the appropriation and furnished the county's share of the cost of road improvements, there would be about \$1,200,000 expended in road work in Ohio in the next two years.

The state commission will have the power of supervision over any highway improved with money obtained from the state. Mr. Metzgar has received some assurances that if the state aid can be obtained other aid will be forthcoming.

OVER AN EMBANKMENT.

Two Men Killed and Eleven
Fatally Injured.

Charleston, W. Va., April 14.—(By Associated Press.)—Two men were killed and eleven others probably fatally injured in a collision of two coal cars at the Terry mine in the New River field today. The men were riding on the cars when the collision occurred, both cars going over an embankment one hundred feet high.

THE MAKER'S GUARANTEE

Is back of every gallon of Green Seal Paint. Doesn't make the paint any better, but makes you safe in using it. For sale by the Hawk Hardware Co.

Eruption has Subsided and People Return to Their Homes.

Naples, April 14.—(By Associated Press.)—The news from the Vesuvius region continues to be satisfactory, the sun is shining brightly and the last vestiges of the eruption are disappearing from Naples. The city has about resumed its normal appearance, and the people are gradually returning to their homes in the neighboring towns and villages.

MASSILLON MARKET

(This report is corrected daily.)
The following is the paying price in Massillon, Saturday, April 18, '06:

Country butter, per lb.	25
Eggs, per dozen	15
Chickens, live, per lb.	8-10
Chickens, spring, dressed	12-14
Chickens, dressed	1-13
Potatoes, per bushel	55

GRAIN MARKETS.

Wheat	83
Hay, loose, per ton	\$9 to \$10
Hay, baled, per ton	\$9 to \$10
Oats, per bushel	32
Corn, per bushel	50

Thousands Have Kidney

Trouble and Never Suspect it.

How To Find Out.
Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What To Do.
There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention this paper and don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y.

Notes of Spring.

Special Paper Cleaner,
Gilbert Bros. (a good one),
A Good Curtain Stretcher,
Lawn Mowers
Sharpened and
Repaired.

J. R. SMITH,
Hardware and Bicycle Store,
42 W. Main St.
U. S. Phone 335.

Pennsylvania

—LINES—

EXCURSIONS

—TO—

Los Angeles

City of Mexico

In April and May

Des Moines

Louisville

St. Paul

In May

Boston

In June

San Francisco

In June and July

Denver

In July

For information about excursion fares

and particulars about Pennsylvania

Lines passenger service, consult

F. L. McEWEN, Ticket Agent, Massillon, O.

Ingomar, the Sorrel Pac-

ing Stallion.

By Contender, he by Satellite, he by Robert

Bonner, he by Hambletonian 10; dam by

Kentucky Gray Eagle, he by Red Eagle.

Will stand the season of 1906 at one and

one-half miles west of Canal Fulton, on Mt.

Pleasant Street Farm. Ingomar is a chest-

nut sorrel stallion, stands 16½ hands high

and weighs 1250 pounds. A fine actor, gen-

tle and of excellent disposition. Race re-

cord 2:23½. Trials in 2:10. TERMS: \$10.00

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,

INDEPENDENT BUILDING.

North Erie St., . . . MASSILLON, O.

Weekly Founded in 1863.

Daily Founded in 1887.

Semi-Weekly Founded in 1896.

Telephone Calls:

Both Phones No. 80

Business Office

Both Phones No. 85

The Independent is on sale at the following

stands: Bahney's Book Store, Hankin's

News Depot, Bammerlin's Cigar Store, Neis-

inger's Pool Room and Levi's Candy and To-

bacco Stand.

Carried at Massillon postoffice as second-

class matter.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

MONDAY, APRIL 16 1906

Famine threatens to add to the al-

ready great distress of the sufferers

from the Vesuvian eruption. There is

also danger that the frantic state of

mind of the people of Naples may lead

to rioting. It is reported that the

local officials are panic stricken and

only the presence of the king, the

Duke of Aosta and the government and

military officials have prevented utter

demoralization.

The negro who struck a white woman

in the face during the rush hour in an

elevated railroad train in New York

the other evening, was lucky to have

escaped with his life. Racial animos-

ity has been greatly stirred in that

city by the recent revelations of white

slavery in the Tenderloin district, and

this accounts in a small measure for

the violence of feeling exhibited by

the male passengers, who showed an

overwhelming desire to beat the

woman's assailant into a pulp. New

Yorkers do not lose their heads with-

out ample provocation, and the aver-

age citizen is ready to stand for law

and order under most circumstances.

They have not reached the point, how-

ever, where they stand calmly by and

see a ruffianly negro strike a white

woman.

The Dillingham bill, providing for

much needed changes in the immigra-

tion laws, and now before congress,

will probably have the effect of rais-

ing steamer rates, should it become

a law. At present the uniform rate

from Liverpool to New York is \$31.25

on express boats and \$30 on slower

steamers; from Hamburg and Bremen

the rate is \$48.50 and \$38.50, which

mark the highest charges for passage

since immigration became a factor in

steamship competition. The Dilling-

ham bill provides for increasing the

head tax from \$2 to \$5, and this will

mean an addition of at least \$2 to

these already high rates, as this tax

is borne by the steamship companies.

Every move tending justly to restrict

immigration should receive hearty en-

dorsement by the American people.

An English writer in our esteemed

contemporary, the Nineteenth Cent-

ury, patronizingly remarks: "It is

not surprising—the conditions being

as they are—that much friendliness

should be shown by Americans to the

English people generally, as well as to

individual Englishmen. Expressions

of satisfaction with the present amica-

ble relations between the old country

and the new come from all classes; in

fact, Americans are as proud of their

English origin as we ought to be of

the exalted position which they are

taking in the world." Taking into

consideration the fact that more than

fifty per cent of the present day

Americans "of all classes" are not of

English origin, but are of Irish,

Dutch, German, Scotch and other an-

cestry not hailing from the "right lit-

tle, tight little isle," the writer's de-

ductions seem to rest on a rather airy

foundation. We are glad to shake

hands with our cousin, John Bull, but

we don't care to have him pat us on

the back.

Various reasons are ascribed for the

present visit of Maxim Gorky, the

Russian novelist, playwright and rev-

olutionist, to this country. One of the

most plausible reports says that Gorky

—as is well known abroad—is afflicted

with consumption; and hopes to regain

his health by a sojourn in Colorado or

some other Western state. Another

report represents the Russian as de-

claring himself an enemy of Russia's

government, a revolutionist and an

appealer to the American people for

funds and sympathy to aid the rev-

olutionary movement among his coun-

trymen. He is further reported to have

said: "I came to America because it

is the most democratic country on the

globe, and I believe Russia is destined

ultimately to stand next to America as

a land of democratic ideals." No

country can more heartily sympathize

with the people of Russia in their

present unhappy condition than does

the United States, but if this account

of Maxim Gorky's motive in visiting

us is correct, he will probably find that

the average American is rather shy of

giving money and tangible assistance

for the purpose of overthrowing an-

other government.

TWENTY YEARS TO
REPAIR DAMAGEAwful Destruction by Erup-
tion of Mt. Vesuvius.

WHOLE VILLAGES DESTROYED

Thickly Populated Country Ten
by Thirty Miles in Extent

Covered by Ashes and Cinder

Which Crushed Buildings and

Destroyed All Vegetation.

Naples, April 14.—The following description of the conditions surrounding Mount Vesuvius was written for the Associated Press by Robert Underwood Johnson, associate editor of the Century magazine:

"I had the unexpected opportunity to realize the magnitude of the disaster by personal observation in a trip entirely around Vesuvius. Since the Chicago fire I have seen nothing so terribly impressive. Twenty years will not repair the damage, including the destruction of four whole villages. With a change of wind or slightly greater propulsion of the seismic force the same fate might extend to other segments of the circle of which Vesuvius is the center.

"Arriving from Rome two hours late by train I joined a party of two Italian gentlemen and two English ladies, including Miss Underwood, the Rome correspondent of the London Standard. We caught a train from Torre Annunziata, three miles this side of Pompeii and two miles from the southern end of the wedge of lava which destroyed Bosco Trecase. We had a magnificent view of the eruption, eight miles away. Rising at an angle of fifty degrees the vast mass of tumultuous roundness was beautifully accentuated by the full moon, shifting momentarily into new forms and drifting south in low, black clouds of ashes and cinders, reaching to Capri. At Torre del Greco we ran under this terrifying pall, apparently one hundred feet above, the solidity of which was soon revealed by the moonlight. The torches of the railway guards added to the effect, but greatly relieved the sulphurous darkness.

"We reached Torre Annunziata at 3 in the morning. There was little suggestion of a disaster as we trudged through the sleeping town to the lava, two miles away. The brilliant moon gave us a superb view of the volcano, a gray brown mass rising, expanding and curling in with a profile like a monstrous cyclopean face. But nothing in mythology gives a suggestion of the fascination of this awful force, presenting the sublime beauty above, but in its descent filled with the mysterious malignance of God's underworld. "We reached the lava at a picturesque, cypress planted cemetery on the northern boundary of Torre Annunziata. It was as if the dead had effectually cried out to arrest the crushing river of flame which pitilessly engulfed the statue of Saint Anne, with which the people of Bosco Trecase tried to stay it, as at Catania the veil of Saint Agathe is said to have stayed a similar stream from Mount Etna.

"A better idea of the surroundings was obtained at dawn from the railway. We saw north what was left of Bosco Trecase—a great, square stone church and a few houses inland in a sea of dull, brown lava. North and east rose a thousand patches of blue smoke, like swamp miasma. All was dull and desolate slag with nowhere the familiar serpentine forms of the old lava streams. In terrible contrast with the volcanic evidences were strong cypresses and blooming camellias in a neighboring cemetery.

"My companions left for Naples after driving to Pompeii. I had not thought of further experiences except to compare the ancient destruction with the present. After three hours' sleep I went to the excavations, expecting to return to Naples by the afternoon train, but here I met E. A. Bowen, of New York, who gave such an alarming account of his experience on the train, coming through on Monday, in the darkness at Torre del Greco, when the passengers in the crowded cars were besieged by screaming, excited refugees amid a rain of cinders that I concluded to return by the north, first visiting the eastern wedge of destruction, which was central at San Giuseppe.

"With Mr. Bowen I left Pompeii in a car, expecting to strike the edge of the lava. What was my surprise to find no new lava at San Giuseppe. Four towns here were destroyed in different ways, namely, by rain, cinders and ashes, which could not be skirted for they lay everywhere in a mass which had broken nearly every roof within the area of thirty miles by ten. From the lava, which was moving several feet a minute, we had no

filmsly built houses were no protection against the blizzard of cinders and ashes. The wedge east of the volcano thus destroyed extends ten miles at least, with a width of twenty or thirty miles.

"Fancy a rich and thickly populated country of vineyards lying under three to six inches of ashes and cinders of the color of chocolate with milk, while above, to the west, the volcano in full activity distributing to the outer edges of the circle the same fate, and you will get an idea of the desolate impression of the scene, a tragedy colossal and heartrending. Like that of Calabria, it enlists the sympathy of the civilized world. It takes time for such a calamity to be realized.

"Several miles below San Giuseppe we struck cinders which the soldiers were shoveling, making a narrow road for the refugees. Our wagon driver begged off from completing his contract to take us to San Giuseppe. We had not the heart to insist, so the rest of the journey to the railway at Palma, eight miles, was made laboriously on foot for three hours, through sliding cinders. In many places temporary shelters had been built by the roadside, like children's playhouses. Here women were huddled with their bedding, awaiting the coming of supplies, which the army had begun to distribute. The men were largely occupied with shoveling cinders from the stronger roofs and floors into heaps, three to six feet deep along the road side. Many two-wheeled carts loaded with salvage, drawn by donkeys or pushed by peasants, were making their way along, the women with bundles on their heads or carrying poultry.

"In the square of San Giuseppe was an encampment of soldiers, with low tents. Near a destroyed church, in coarse yellow linen shrouds, were the bodies of thirty-three of the one hundred and five persons who there lost their lives. The peasants were sad, but uncomplaining; in fact, for so excitable a people, they were wonderfully calm. As evidence of thrift and self respect of these, we were not once asked for alms during the afternoon.

"This is a sad year for southern Italy, the second terrible disaster within a few months. To judge of what I learned from the peasants there is likely to be a substantial increase in emigration to the United States by reason of this calamity, of which the end is not yet."

MELVIN SMITH
IS RELEASED.Hearing Before Judge Bow
Friday Morning.

DR. EYMAN GAVE TESTIMONY.

Smith was at Once Arrested and is Now in Jail Awaiting Trial for the Murder of James Shetler.

Canton, April 13.—Superintendent Eyman, of the Massillon state hospital, and Dr. Harris, an assistant, testified as to the sanity of Melvin R. Smith in a short hearing before Judge Bow, Friday morning, and upon the strength of this Smith was released from the institution. Immediately afterwards he was arrested by Sheriff Wilson upon a warrant drawn under the old indictment, which charged him with the murder of Sweet Car Conductor James Shetler in 1903. Smith was taken to jail to await his hearing, which will take place at the May term of court. The indictment against Smith was one of first degree murder, he having shot the conductor while a passenger in his car.

If you would lose that dull old headache,

And feel as lively as a flea,
Make haste to your druggist
And buy some Rocky Mountain Tea.
The Baltzly Company.

WHAT DID THE PAINTER SAY

When you told him you were going to use Green Seal Liquid Paint? He knew that he wouldn't have the job of painting your house again for a time. But you knew a good thing when you got Green Seal Liquid Paint, didn't you? It's now on sale by the Hawk Hardware Co.

"My child was burned terribly at the face, neck and chest. I applied Thomas' Electric Oil. The pain ceased and the child sank into a restful sleep."—Mrs. Nancy M. Hanson, Hamden, N. Y.

A GALLON OF GREEN SEAL PAINT

Is a gallon of heavy bodied paint, and when thinned up according to directions on every package, is the most economical paint made. For sale by the Hawk Hardware Co.

HANNA'S LUSTRO-FINISH

In a variety of beautiful colors. It is truly wonderful what the ladies are accomplishing with this finish. It makes



"SAY, dearest, don't forget to draw the duck!" called handsome Alfred Lawton as he was halfway down the stairs. His bride of a month had left the door of their boudoir of a flat open while she hung fondly over the balusters, as she always did to see the last of her blessed one, her "old sugar."

Lizzie heard the retreating footsteps down the long hall, the very striking of the umbrella against the wall sending happy little thrills through her. She sighed heavily as she returned to the dainty little flat. Was not her dearest and best gone, not to return until 3 o'clock?

He was to bring an old friend with him to dinner. She had not cared to leave her dear little flat, her paradise, rather, even for church, and Alfred had decided that he was signally blessed in having such an angel for a bride, one not given to daunting shows, even on such a day, when all other women were showing themselves off in their new gowns and hats. He was the happiest and most fortunate man in all creation. And now Jim, dear old Jim, his chum and lifelong friend, should have a taste of felicity in seeing their home and making the acquaintance of the incomparable Lizzie, the one woman in the whole world.

Lizzie fairly flew about the little place, putting dainty touches here and



ALFRED STARTED TO CARVE THE DUCK.

there and making the tiny dining room look too sweet for anything, as she said.

Then into the kitchen went the brave little soul to wrestle with pots and pans and the cooking of that wonderful dinner.

She had been an artist in black and white while on one of the daily newspapers with a strong leaning to colors, and "he" was an editor. So his parting request did not seem strange to her. She was to draw that fine fat duck that lay before her. She would and even admired the aesthetic taste of her dear "old sugar." The duck alone had a sort of waxy look, so she made an artistic group of a bed of celery flanked by some carrots and red apples to add to the color scheme. When they were arranged to her taste she brought her drawing board and sat down contentedly to draw the duck. She just washed in the colors to be finished at leisure later, but made a careful study of that duck and succeeded in getting a very good sketch of it in all its fatness.

As she surveyed the work of art she felt very well satisfied. It was a regular "duck" of a duck.

She had everything else prepared—her vegetables on the range, her salad all made and in the icebox. They were to have fruit cake and ice cream for dessert. At each plate stood a tiny floss chicken pecking at a colored egg. Could anything be sweeter? And the tall glass in the center of the table held a bunch of jonquills. And, oh, how happy she was! She had looked in the cookbook, and it said that exactly twenty minutes were required to roast

The man with the oysters disturbed her at her drawing, but she hurriedly sketched in all the salient features of her picture before the fateful twenty minutes, when the duck should be placed in the oven. She salted and peppered it and lighted the gas. Then she set the fat and interesting duck in the oven and left it for twenty minutes. Everything else was progressing finely, and in five minutes it was really quite hot.

So she left the duck to its fate and went to add a few finishing touches to her toilet and a last one to the pretty table. Then her dearly beloved came with his friend. After the presentation Alfred asked:

"Is dinner nearly ready, dearest?" Lizzie looked at the clock. Yes; it was fifteen minutes since she had put the duck in the oven, so by the time they had finished their soup and oysters the duck would be just right. She would turn off the gas.

"Yes, I think so. I will see," answered the anxious lady. Just then the ice cream came, and Alfred took it from the dumb waiter with the air of one who had entertained friends at dinner for at least fifty years.

They sat down to their soup and then had their oysters. Lizzie's cheeks were the loveliest pink as she placed the pretty vegetable dishes on the table and the salad bowl on the sideboard. Oh, it was grand to be married and have a home and guests to dinner! She brought in the duck.

It did not look just like other roast ducks that she had seen, but the book had said twenty minutes.

TO DECLARE STRIKE

Only Recourse Left to Miners
by Obduracy of Their
Employers.

ANSWER WILL BE A REFUSAL

Word Reaches Scranton That Hard
Coal Operators Will Not Yield an
Inch in Their Attitude—Mitchell
Has Not Abandoned Hope.

Scranton, Pa., April 14.—There is but little hope for industrial peace in this region among the men most interested in the coal situation. One and all seemed convinced that nothing short of an unexpected intervention of some sort can now prevent a coal strike or rather can prevent the declaration on the part of the coming mine workers' convention that a strike exists.

It is just about as good as settled, according to the general belief here, that the mine operators have gone as far as they will go and a little bit farther than a few of them ever thought they could be forced into going. This was the word which came over the telephone from a big official in one of the largest coal companies to the local office.

"There will be no more concessions. There will be not one jot conceded by the operators. There will be no more counter propositions, just a simple refusal to consider the miners' latest proposition."

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western claims to be mining one-sixth of its normal output and that in case a strike is declared it will put on enough men to produce one-half its normal output. The Erie continues to operate its No. 5 and Barnum breakers a few hours each day, but the other companies are working nothing but washeries, with the exception of the Peoples' Coal company, which is working overtime and producing 1,500 tons a day. This is the only non-union mine in the region.

Mitchell Still Hopeful.
New York, April 14.—President Mitchell of the miners union was busy preparing to close his headquarters here and return to Indianapolis. All the members of the general scale committee have left for their homes in the anthracite regions and will not be called together again until after the operators reply to the propositions submitted by the miners.

In the face of the pessimistic expressions of some of the members of the scale committee, President Mitchell is hopeful of a peaceful ending of the controversy with the operators. He believes the operators will make an answer which will permit the continuance of the negotiations instead of abruptly ending them.

President Mitchell goes to Indianapolis today to prepare for the meeting of the international executive board of the miners' union. At this meeting the proposition made last week by the Ohio operators to arbitrate the dispute between the mine owners and the striking miners in that state will be considered.

Negotiations at Wheeling.
Wheeling, W. Va., April 14.—At the joint conference of the miners and operators of the Fifth Ohio sub-district, which includes the West Virginia Panhandle counties and Belmont, Jefferson and part of Harrison counties in Ohio, the miners presented their demand for the readoption of the 1903 scale. The operators made no reply, but adjournment was taken until this morning. The operators then went into executive session and discussed their reply to the miners. T. E. Young of the operators, is chairman of the joint conference, and Lee Rankin and Patrick McBryde are secretaries.

It is semi-officially stated that the operators will resist the granting of the miners' demands.
Pumpmen Ordered to Work.
Columbus, O., April 14.—Notwithstanding the action of the Hocking valley miners' convention in calling the pumpmen out of the mines owned by companies which refuse to sign the 1903 scale, the pumpmen will continue at work. State President Green has ordered the men to remain at their posts in order that the mines may be protected, regardless of the differences with the operators.

Greenville, Pa., April 14.—The miners and operators of the Mercer-Butler bituminous district closed a joint conference last night by signing a scale that is virtually the same as that of 1903. The only difference is that each side retains all concessions made since that date. All mines will resume operation at once.

Non-Unionists Compelled to Quit.
Pittsburg, Kans., April 14.—Three hundred miners from Curranville, located 10 miles north of this city, formed in a body and marched to where men were employed in sinking a new shaft for the Sheridan Coal company, and compelled them to quit work. No violence was used, but strong threats were made.

Two Lads Mangled by Train.
Philadelphia, April 14.—Two boys, Charles A. Tryon, aged 12 years, and James Leroy, aged 18 years, were killed by an express train on the Pennsylvania railroad near the West Philadelphia station. They were riding on a freight train and jumped in front of the express.

HOUSE LEADERS CLASH

Lannon Obligated to Discipline Both
Daize and Williams.

Washington, April 14.—Speaker Cannon was distinctly in his element in the house when every indication pointed to a clash between Mr. Dalzell (Pa.) and Mr. Williams (Miss.) over the use of certain sentences in a speech made by Mr. Hopkins of Kentucky.

Immediately after the journal had been read the house plunged into the consideration of a resolution offered by Mr. Gardner (Mass.) to have expunged from the record certain remarks reflecting upon the integrity of Mr. Bennett (N. Y.).

Acrimonious words were general. The debate grew in intensity of expression and the minority leader, Mr. Williams, had severely impugned the motives of Mr. Bennett, who had secured the passage of a joint resolution some days ago waiving the immigration laws in the case of an idiot. Finally Mr. Dalzell was drawn into the discussion and there seemed an imminent clash between the Pennsylvanian and the Mississippian, when Speaker Cannon ordered both gentlemen to their seats and directed that the unparliamentary language used by Mr. Dalzell and Mr. Williams be stricken from the Record, as both gentlemen were speaking out of order. The resolution passed.

The postoffice appropriation bill was completed after a roll-call on the southern fast mail subsidy provision, which was retained in the bill.

CHARGES ARE FILED

SENATOR TILLMAN OPPOSES
BARNES' APPOINTMENT AS
POSTMASTER.

Washington, April 14.—Senator Tillman has filed formal charges with the sub-committee considering the nomination of Benjamin F. Barnes, assistant secretary to the president, to be postmaster at Washington, and protested against his confirmation. The charges are four in number and are as follows:

"That Mr. Barnes is lacking in gentlemanly and manly consideration for ladies which caused him to abuse his authority so far as to order the expulsion from the executive offices of Mrs. Minor Morris on January 4, 1906, without any justification or good reason therefor.
"That having issued the order he stood by and saw it executed in a most brutal and outrageous manner without interference, compelling the policemen to drag and finally, with the aid of a negro employed at the White House, to carry her, with the negro holding her by the ankles and with her limbs exposed, the entire distance from the executive offices at the western end of the White House to the eastern exit, where she was thrust into a cab and sent to the house of detention, by which brutal treatment her life was endangered and health seriously impaired from shock and injuries received.
"That after this tyrannical and outrageous abuse of his authority he lodged charges of insanity against Mrs. Morris and compelled her to remain in prison for more than four hours, thus adding insult to injury and producing in the public mind impressions derogatory to both her reputation and her mental condition.
"That he made a statement to the press which was full of falsehoods and proves him to be lacking in the integrity and high character which a high government official should have."

Senator Tillman asks that seven witnesses including all the newspaper men at the White House at the time be summoned before the committee.
EMBEZZLERS SENTENCED
Court Imposes Four Years in Prison
on Gaynor and Greene.

Savannah, Ga., April 14.—Benjamin D. Greene and John F. Gaynor were sentenced by Judge Speer in the federal court to serve four years in the federal prison at Atlanta, Ga., and to pay each a fine of \$575,794.90, the amount they are charged with having embezzled. Upon one indictment the sentence was two years and upon each of the other indictments four years, but the court directed that the sentences might all be served concurrently which reduced the term to four years with the allowance of three months off of each year for good behavior.

The fine need not be paid if, on completing the sentence, the prisoners make a deposit that they are not possessed of more than \$20. In lieu of paying the fine they then may serve 30 days longer. Counsel for the prisoners announced that an appeal will be taken. An order of court grants ten days for the filing of a bill of exceptions upon which a motion for a new trial will be predicated.

SAME OLD BUZZARD

Farmer Scott Thinks It Followed Him
From Florida to Ohio.

Marysville, O., April 14.—The same buzzard that was seen in various parts of Union county several years ago, with a bell tied around its neck, has again put in its appearance in Taylor township. Two years ago Leroy Scott, a farmer of Leesburg township, while at St. Petersburg, Fla., saw what was believed to be the same buzzard. It still remains a mystery how the bird came to be tied to the buzzard.

Pattison's Improvement Continues.
Cincinnati, April 14.—Gov. Pattison's improvement continues.

HICKS TELLS TALES

Inside Workings of Coal Com-
panies Laid Before Com-
merce Commission.

P. R. R. OFFICIALS HELD STOCK

Some Had Been Paid for and Some
Had Not, But All Drew Whatever
Dividends Captain Hicks Thought
They Ought to Have.

Baltimore, April 14.—The interstate commerce commission continued its investigations into the alleged community of interests between interstate commerce carriers and the coal and oil business of the country authorized by the Tillman-Gillespie joint resolution adopted by congress last month. A number of witnesses had been summoned to appear before the commission and the taking of their testimony began today. Among the witnesses were third Vice President Potter and Superintendent of Transportation Arthur Hale of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, and General Superintendent Fitzgerald of the Western Maryland railroad.

The chief point brought during the examination of Superintendent Hale was an admission that coal is taken out of the mines by a company owned by the Baltimore & Ohio, transported over a railroad owned by the Baltimore & Ohio, and distributed to retailers by companies in which the Baltimore & Ohio is interested. The witness said he owned 50 shares of the Consolidated Coal company's stock and 100 shares in the Fairmont Coal company, all of which he bought in the open market.

Capt. Alfred Hicks of Pittsburg, president of the Allegheny Steel company and of the Interstate Steel company, and also president or treasurer of several coal companies, testified that General Manager W. W. Atterbury and Vice-President Wood of the Pennsylvania railroad, who had held stock in one or more of these companies. Capt. Hicks testified that he had paid dividends to these gentlemen at intervals—as much as he thought proper. "We didn't have a very thorough system of bookkeeping," he said.

"Did these people pay anything for their stock?" was asked.
"Some of them," said Capt. Hicks. Former General Superintendent of Motive Power F. D. Casanave was another coal stockholder. He held stock in the Belmont and Avonmore companies. Some of the stock in these companies was held in the names of the wives and daughters of the men mentioned.

Logan Bullitt, president of the Red Rock Coal company, with which the Baltimore & Ohio has recently been in litigation, was present and assisted the commission attorney in the examination of witnesses.

MADMAN ON TROLLEY CAR

On Way to Hospital He Is Seized
With Hydrophobia.

Augusta, Georgia, April 14.—James Howard became insane from a sudden attack of hydrophobia on an Aiken (S. C.) trolley car last night.

He was on his way to Charleston, S. C., where he was going to seek treatment, having been bitten by a mad dog. Following the attack he became unmanageable, seeking to bite every one who came near him, foaming at the mouth and giving other indications of hydrophobia.

In attempting to put him off the car Conductor Jones was bitten on the hand. The madman was finally thrown down and chloroformed and was then removed to the home of a physician at Graniteville, S. C.

While on the car Howard attacked everything within reach with his teeth, even chewing up some broken glass he found upon the floor.

FOUR MORE RISK LIFE

Largest Balloon in America Will
Make Ascent Today.

Lenox, Mass., April 14.—In the biggest balloon in America, four men will attempt today to reach Boston or some other point on the Atlantic coast from Pittsfield. The balloon has a capacity of 55,000 cubic feet and carries a car capable of accommodating four persons.

The men who will occupy the car are Count Henri de La Vaulx, the French balloonist; Capt. Homer W. Hedges, president of the Aero Club of America; August Post, treasurer of the club, and Alan R. Hawley of New York. They arrived in Lenox last night accompanied by a party of 50.

King's Carriage Injures Peasants.
London, April 14.—Telegraphing from Corfu, a correspondent of the Standard says: "A carriage in which were King Edward and Queen Alexandra collided with a cart in which were a number of peasants. The royal carriage was not damaged, but several of the peasants were injured. The king ordered the doctor of the British flag ship to attend them."

Girl Drowns While Canoeing.
Washington, April 14.—Elsie Wood, 25 years of age, was drowned in the Potomac river while canoeing with G. R. Frey, an 18-year-old student of Georgetown university, the boat having been overturned by the swell of a passing tugboat. Frey was saved.

DUN'S REVIEW OF TRADE

Summary of Business Conditions
Throughout the Country.

New York, April 14.—Dun's Weekly Review of Trade says today: Stringency in the money market has caused no interruption to the progress of trade and industry, although tending to develop conservatism in speculative departments. Weather conditions accelerate the distribution of seasonable merchandise and retail business is of large volume outside the immediate vicinity of the coal mines and a few other places where local controversies have their influence. Building operations are only limited by the supply of labor and material, which cause frequent delays, and the heavy consumption of all commodities is shown by the highest level of quotations since February, 1884, Dun's index number of April being \$106,066, against \$104,204 a month previous and \$99,206 a year ago. Since the month opened there has been a further advance. Manufacturing plants are fully engaged; pig iron production is at the maximum, shipments of footwear from Boston exceed those of any previous year and a stronger tone is reported at the textile mills in response to the well maintained markets for raw materials. Railway earnings for the first week of April were 8.1 per cent larger than last year's, although prices of securities have weakened somewhat in response to the highest money market at this season in many years.

Structural shapes and steel rails continue the permanent feature of the iron and steel industry although every department has recently broadened in interest.

WANTS VINDICATION

DOWIE WILLING TO SETTLE ON
THIS BASIS WITH MILLION
DOLLAR BONUS.

Chicago, April 14.—Peaceful settlement of the strife between John Alexander Dowie and those of his followers who recently rebelled under the leadership of Wilbur Glenn Voliva is in sight, according to statements made last night by the legal advisers of both Dowie and Voliva.

At the termination of the conference, which was participated in by V. V. Barnes, legal adviser of Zion City, Jacob Newman, counsel for Voliva, and Attorney Wetten, representing Dowie, Mr. Newman said:

"Dowie and his advisers have admitted that we have in our possession documentary evidence to the effect that 95 per cent of the Zion properties, belong to the Christian Catholic church, and has acquiesced in the proposition that if he is given 5 per cent of this property, after he has been installed in temporary control, both ecclesiastical and financial, he will retire."

In other words, Dowie desires to be vindicated, reinstated with the full power attending the first apostleship of the Christian Catholic church, whereupon he will issue an edict, declaring that 95 per cent of the property of Zion City belongs to the church and that 5 per cent belongs to Dowie. This would give to Dowie \$1,000,000 and to the church \$19,000,000."

BASEBALL RESULTS.

Standing and Score of Games Played
in the National League.

Club	W.	L.	Pct.	Club	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	2	0	1.000	Pittsburg	1	1	.500
Boston	2	0	1.000	St. Louis	0	1	.000
Pittsburg	1	0	1.000	Brooklyn	0	2	.000
New York	1	1	.500	Cincinnati	0	2	.000

Friday—Cincinnati 1, Chicago 5; Philadelphia 5, New York 4; Brooklyn 4, Boston 7.

Appendicitis Kills Navy Captain.
Washington, April 14.—Capt. Duncan Kennedy, commanding the cruiser Colorado, is dead at Guantanamo as the result of an operation for appendicitis.

A Skeptic.
"Did you tell your father the story I read to you of Jonah and the whale?" asked a teacher of one of his scholars.
"Yes, sir," replied the lad, "but he didn't believe it. Dad never believes any fish stories unless he tell them himself."

PITTSBURG MARKETS—APRIL 13.
Corn—New yellow shelled, 52½¢@53; new high mixed, 52¢@53; new yellow ear, 54½¢@55½¢.

Oats—No. 2 white, 36½¢@37; No. 3, 36½¢@36¾¢.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$14.25@14.75; No. 1 clover, \$10.75@11.25; No. 1 mixed, \$11.75@12.25.

Eggs—Selected, 17¢@18¢.
Butter—Prints, 24½¢@25; tubs, 23½¢@24; dairy, 15¢@16.

Cheese—New York full cream, new 14¢@14½; Ohio full cream, 14¢@14½.

Cattle—Prime to fancy, fat, smooth steers, \$5.75@6.25; green, coarse and rough, fat steers, \$3.75@4.50; fat, smooth, dry fed, light steers, \$4.25@4.90; choice milk cows, \$4.00@5.00; good, fat smooth handy butchers' bulls, \$4 @4.25; feeding steers, good style, weight and extra quality, \$3.75@4.50; feed steers, common to good quality, \$3.30@3.50; fair to choice stockers, \$2.85@3.40.

Calves—Veals, good to choice, \$6.25@6.50; veals, fair to good, \$5.25@6; heavy and thin calves, \$3@5.

Hogs—Good to prime heavy, \$6.70@6.75; choice medium weights, \$6.75@6.80; best heavy Yorkers, \$6.75@6.80; good light Yorkers, \$6.55@6.65; pigs, good to prime, \$6.30@6.45.

Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, \$4.60@4.75; good to choice mixed, \$4.25@4.60; fair to good mixed, \$3.50@4.25; culs and common, \$2@3.

NAPLES IS CHEERFUL

Hopeful Message From Vol-
cano Observatory Has
Marked Effect.

VESUVIUS IS BECOMING TAME

Grateful People Flock to Churches to
Give Thanks for Deliverance—Re-
lief Corps Bury Bodies in Quicklime
to Prevent Epidemic of Disease.

Naples, April 14.—No better evidence of the improved condition of affairs in the section affected by the eruption of Mt. Vesuvius can be presented than the following telegram from Director Matteucci from the observatory on the side of the volcano:

"Last night and today the activity of Vesuvius and the agitation at the surface of the volcano sensibly diminished. Electric discharges ceased and the discharge was less abundant. From the presumed formation of the crater and other indications, and if the news coming to me is true of the cessation of lava at Boscorease, I predict with reserve that in two or three days volcanic calm will reign."

The publication of this assuring dispatch has brought joy to the people, and last night's Good Friday services at the churches, which were attended by large congregations, took the form of fervent thanksgiving.

Conditions at Naples were so much better that the people were almost incredulous of the tales of terror told by those who had escaped from the towns, villages and country farther within the zone of devastation. The weather was fine and the wind shifted so that the clouds of ashes from the volcano, instead of enveloping Naples, were carried in the direction of Caserta. The apprehensions of the populace gave place to a smiling confidence in which there was no reflection of the terror which had prevailed for the past week.

But in other quarters there is no escaping from the awful evidences of the volcano's fury. At Boscorease the exhumation of the dead is being carried on by soldiers who, owing to the advanced state of decomposition of the corpses, are unable to work more than an hour at a time. The work is one of great financial cost as well as of danger and arduousness to those engaged in it. Many of the bodies are merely shapeless, unrecognizable masses of flesh and bones while others are but little disfigured. As quickly as possible they are buried in quicklime, to lessen as far as may be the danger of epidemic. None but those engaged in the work of recovering the corpses are permitted in the vicinity.

MAKING UP TO RUSSIA

England Seeks to Gain Czar's Friend-
ship and Isolate Germany.

St. Petersburg, April 14.—Great Britain has begun to vigorously press negotiations for an Anglo-Russian entente, with the purpose of completing the triple alliance of Great Britain, France and Russia against Germany, which has long been the aim of British policy. The developments at the Algiers conference, where Great Britain, France and Russia acted in unison, and the participation of English bankers in the big Russian loan, furnishes a particularly favorable moment and Great Britain is striking while the iron is hot.

Besides, the British government has recently given Russia proof of her desire to settle outstanding difficulties by inducing English bankers not to take the Persian loan on the ground that it might be regarded as prejudicial to Russian interests. The sentiment here in favor of the entente also has been aided by the declaration of Germany to participate in the Russian loan and by publications from Russia hostile to Germany which have been directly inspired from British sources. Count Lamsdorff, and latterly Premier Witte have favored an Anglo-Russian entente and the consummation is regarded as practically certain.

30 CENTS SAVES A LIFE

Pitiful Appeal Made for Aid for
Starving Russians.

Kharkoff, Russia, April 14.—The famine among the peasants in the Riazan, Kazan, Simbirsk and Tula provinces has assumed an acute phase. The grain has all gone and among the peasants, who absolutely are without bread, hunger typhus has appeared. The mortality is especially large among the children.

Several famine committees are issuing appeals for funds to rescue the starving. In these appeals they state that 30 cents will preserve the life of a child for a week and 90 cents that of an adult.

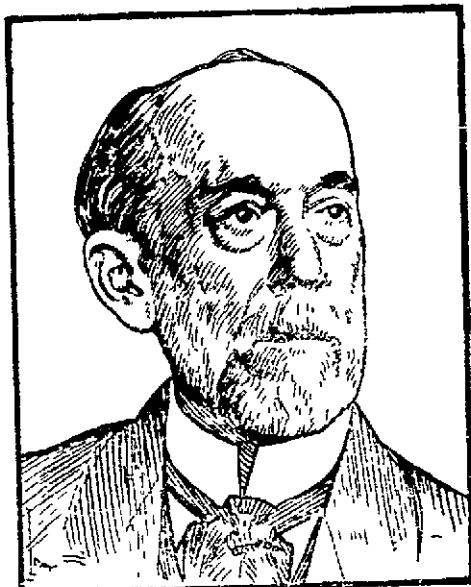
30 Inches of Snow in South Dakota
Aberdeen, S. D., April 14.—Thirty inches of snow is reported at Bowdle, S. D., and is still falling heavily. A Milwaukee train is stalled in snow drifts half a mile west of that town. In Aberdeen it has been raining steadily for two days.

Gives President a Gold Pass.
Washington, April 14.—A handsome gold-mounted pass to all American League baseball games was presented to President Roosevelt by President Ban Johnson of the American league.

PLATT HAS ENOUGH

Says He Will Not Seek Re-Election
to United States Senate.

New York, April 14.—The Herald says this morning: "Seated at his desk in his office in the United States Express company's building Senator Thomas C. Platt declared he would make no effort to be re-elected to the U. S. senate at the expiration of his term in 1909."



SENATOR T. C. PLATT.

"It is true," he said, "with a touch of sadness in his tones, 'that I do not expect to return to the senate when my present term ends. I will have gratified my desire for public office by that time'."

"Further than this the senior senator from New York would make no comment on his intended action. He was asked whether developments in the insurance investigation had influenced him in forming his decision but withheld an answer. To friends he had said recently, however, that he had made up his mind long ago not to seek another term."

OFFER REWARD FOR BODY

Sharpsburg Y. M. C. A. Will Pay \$100
to Finder of Drowned Man.

Pittsburg, April 14.—The Sharpsburg Y. M. C. A. has offered a reward of \$100 for the recovery of the body of William E. H. Crane, physical director of that organization, who was drowned in the Allegheny river here by the capsizing of a canoe Thursday evening. It is supposed the body has been swept down the Ohio river, as the stage of water was such as to create a swift current.

The unfortunate man was 29 years old, weighed about 170 pounds, of sandy complexion, and had a Masonic emblem tattooed on his left forearm.

LAWYER HAS THE BOOKS

Winding Up of Wholesale Grocers'
Association Delayed.

Columbus, O., April 14.—Trustees Gilbert H. Stewart and J. E. Sater, appointed to wind up the Ohio Wholesale Grocers' association under anti-trust law ouster proceedings, have not yet been able to secure the books of the concern.

When they took charge of the association's office the secretary informed them that Attorney Virgil P. Kling of Cleveland had the books. A demand for their surrender will be made upon the Cleveland attorney.

Standard Advances Crude Oil.

Lima, O., April 14.—Crude oil was advanced for all fields save Kentucky and Kansas by the Standard Oil company. The change was the first made in six months and adds three cents a barrel to the eastern and two cents to the western product. Continued drains of over a half million barrels monthly from the gross stocks in the cause North Lima oil is quoted at 96 cents, South Lima and Indiana 91 cents.

Dead Work Scale Ratified.

Athens, O., April 14.—The dead work scale agreed upon for the Hocking district by the joint committee of miners and operators was formally ratified by the convention of miners. The result is that all the mines of sub-district No. 1, of district No. 6, with the exception of the Sunday Creek and the Lubrig companies, will resume work at once.

Baseball Fatal to St. Louis Fan.

St. Louis, April 14.—Henry G. Paschall, a wealthy bachelor, died of heart disease as the result of excitement while watching the thirteenth inning baseball game between the National League clubs of St. Louis and Pittsburg. He was a baseball enthusiast.

Incendiary Commits Suicide.

Columbus Grove, O., April 14.—Clarence Frank, self-confessed incendiary, blew off the top of his head with a shotgun at Leipsic Junction when officers were about to arrest him.

Upper Lake Season Opens.

Duluth, Minn., April 14.—The first boats to leave the head of the lakes for the lower lakes this season departed last evening.

A Fecund City.

A traveler's tale has it that Nang-hanu, a Siamese city, home of the royal family, is a sort of municipal harem. Its population is composed of women and children alone. It is in the center of Bangkok, has high walls around it, and in its population of 9,000 there is not a single man, though the king occasionally pays a visit. There are shops, markets, temples, theaters, streets and avenues, parks, lakes, trees and flower gardens, a hall of justice, judges, executioner, police, generals and soldiers, all the positions, official and otherwise, being filled by women. The only man in all Siam who can enter this city is the king.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Miss Bertha Lucius left for Cleveland Friday morning, for a ten days' visit with relatives.

Homer Stands, who was injured in Los Angeles, Cal., a few weeks ago, arrived in the city Saturday.

Captain R. B. Crawford has steadily improved during the past three days and was about the house Saturday.

Louis Bassler, of West Brookfield, will leave for Nevada, Monday, where he is interested in several valuable mining claims.

Former Mayor Bernard Bell will occupy the old mayor's office in the opera block as a justice of the peace office, beginning next Monday.

Mrs. Frank Silk and Miss Jennie Silk left Friday night for New York, where they will join a party of tourists for an extensive southern trip.

Mrs. Maria Loundes Allen, aged 105 years, died at her home in Elyria, Thursday. She had been in good health and in full possession of her mental faculties to the last.

Ada Scott, daughter of E. F. Scott, of Dalton, fell on the sidewalk on Sunday and struck the back of her head. She is in a serious condition and it is doubtful if she will recover.

John P. Keller has been appointed rural carrier on route No. 3, and Ralph W. Young substitute carrier. The appointments went into effect on April 1. The route is twenty-two miles long and the salary is \$684 a year.

The Ohio Shovel and Stamping company, of Toledo, will move its plant to Canal Dover, having purchased the buildings erected for the locomotive works. The company will employ one hundred men, and has orders now on hand for one hundred thousand dozen shovels.

Miss Marion Benedict gave an Easter party at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Benedict, in Prospect street, Friday evening. The guests numbered twenty. An egg hunt and other games enlivened the evening, and the refreshments were served in forms carrying out the Easter idea.

Friday evening the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen inaugurated a surprise on Mrs. S. T. Gunn, in Dwight street. The hostess was presented with a beautiful Haviland china cracker jar. The guests numbered thirty, to whom a light lunch was served. Music and cards were the features of the evening.

The national headquarters of the National Woman's Suffrage association, situated at Warren, received a complete history of woman's suffrage, written to it by the late Susan B. Anthony. There are nearly 4,000 volumes of the history and it is valued at between \$6,000 and \$7,000. The shipping weight of the books was ten tons.

Mrs. Anthony Gardner, of Russell street, was bound over to the common pleas court by Mayor Frantz Friday evening and placed under \$1,000 bail for her appearance. The required bond was furnished and Mrs. Gardner was given her freedom. She is charged by her husband with shooting with intent to kill. The alleged shooting took place several days ago at the family home.

Lon McDonald is not campaigning just now. Lon was aboard of a train in the western part of Stark county when he read in a morning paper that no county commissioner would be elected in Stark county until 1908. That settled it. He did not want a two years' campaign on his hands, so he left the train at Osnaburg and hired a conveyance to take him to Canton, and from there he came home as quickly as possible. Should the decision above referred to prove incorrect you will find Lon coming in on the home stretch all right. He will be there in two years in the event the rumor is correct.—Alliance Review.

OBITUARY.

MRS. ALZANAH MCGHIE.

Mrs. Alzanah McGhie, aged 73 years, wife of the late Dr. J. L. McGhie, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Charles G. Brown, two and one-half miles east of Massillon on the Canton-Massillon road, at 9 o'clock Friday evening, of a complication of diseases incident to old age. Mrs. McGhie had been in failing health for a year, but was seriously ill for only a few weeks. The deceased was born in Richmond, O., but had lived in Stark county eighteen years. Mrs. McGhie is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Minnie A. Verton, of Canton, and Mrs. Brown, and five grandchildren. The funeral will be held from the late home Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, the Rev. H. W. Dewey officiating. Interment will be made in Westlawn cemetery, Canton.

PAINT ECONOMY.

You might as well make your paint money go as far as possible. Use Green Seal Liquid Paint and you won't complain of the distance. For sale by the Hawk Hardware Co.

Can't look well, eat well or feel well with impure blood feeding your body. Keep the blood pure with Burdock Blood Bitters. Eat simply, take exercise, keep clean and you will have long life.

THOMAS DYE WAS MURDERED

Orrville Young Man Shot to Death Thursday Night.

ROBBERY SEEMS THE MOTIVE.

Tramps are Supposed to Have Done the Deed—Several Have Been Arrested—Murderer at Large, it is Thought.

Orrville, April 13.—Thomas Dye, aged 17 years, son of Joseph Dye, a Wheeling & Lake Erie section boss, was shot to death between 9 and 12 o'clock Thursday night by unknown persons. His body was found alongside the Wheeling & Lake Erie tracks a mile west of here at 6:30 o'clock Friday morning by Thomas Lowery, on his way to work. All evidence of the murder points to three tramps, who were in the vicinity where the body was found Thursday and had been shooting at a mark. Bullets taken from a log correspond exactly with the bullet taken from the dead body. As yet there is no clew to the tramps.

Young Dye left town at 9 o'clock Thursday evening for his home, a mile west of town, along the Wheeling & Lake Erie tracks. It is supposed he was murdered soon afterward, as his body was cold and rigid when found early Friday morning. His watch and chain and ring were missing, and it is thought a large amount of money was taken, as it was known that he had a considerable sum with him earlier in the night. He either gave it to a companion or it was stolen.

Streaks of blood show that Dye was assaulted in an open spot between the Ft. Wayne and the Wheeling & Lake Erie tracks. It is evident he started to run, as he was shot in the back with a thirty-two caliber bullet, which passed through the heart and lodged against the skin near the breast bone. Death was instantaneous. The body was dragged across the Wheeling & Lake Erie track to another open space filled with weeds and underbrush. Here the body was left. When Mr. Lowery saw the body he thought it to be that of some person who had been struck by a train. A stretcher was secured and the body brought to town, where it was discovered that Dye had been murdered.

Mayor Starn immediately notified all surrounding towns and cities by telegraph and at noon five tramps were arrested near Smithville, four miles west of here, and placed in the Orrville jail. An examination shows that neither of the five were in the gang of three who were shooting at a target Thursday. None of the dead man's personal effects were found on the tramps in jail nor did either carry a revolver. The coroner will hold an inquest. There is some talk of securing bloodhounds to put on the trail of the murderers.

The deceased worked on a farm with his mother and was a young man of excellent character. Robbery appears to be the only motive that would induce anyone to take his life. An effort is now being made to see if anyone received money from young Dye at any time Thursday evening. Thus far all efforts in this line have failed. If it can be proved that a sum of money was taken, the officers will charge robbery as the cause of the deed.

The officers have asked that every tramp in the surrounding territory be arrested and held for investigation. Orrville has been overrun with tramps for the past week and several have carried revolvers.

NEARBY TOWNS.

EAST GREENVILLE.

East Greenville, April 14.—The mines of this district being idle, the fishing business is now in progress and some very large catches have been made.

Kelly A. Riggle gave a phonographic concert in the school hall Tuesday evening which was well attended.

W. W. Graybill went to Strasburg Monday, where he will play ball the coming season.

Easter exercises will be held at the M. E. church on Sunday, April 15. The East Greenville dramatic club will play the "Heroic Dutchman of '76" at the school hall on Saturday evening, April 20.

ELTON.

Elton, April 14.—An unusually large number of visitors are in town this week, attracted by the railroad excitement.

M. C. Boughman, as usual, is ahead of his neighbors in plowing for spring crops.

M. A. Boughman, of Shinadoor, was in town this week.

A new school house will be erected this summer on the site of the one burned down last winter.

YOUNG—MALAVAZOS.

Massillon Business Man Takes an East Greenville Bride.

Miss Beulah Young, of East Greenville, and Mr. Leo Malavazos, of Massillon, were married at noon on Thursday at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Young, by the Rev. W. S. Adams. The ceremony was performed beneath an arch of roses, ferns and smilax. The bride wore a becoming gown of cream colored laces, trimmed with point lace, and a brooch of pearls. She wore roses in her hair and carried a bouquet of the same flowers. The wedding breakfast was served at an artistically decorated table, the guests being near relatives of the bride and groom. Many handsome presents were received by the young couple.

Mr. and Mrs. Malavazos will this evening come to Massillon, where a furnished home awaits them. The groom is a member of the Greek firm of Katsampetis & Malavazos, who conduct a confectionery and fruit store at 45 East Main street.

PROMOTION FOR DR. C. H. CLARK.

Will Have Charge of Government Hospital for Insane.

A POSITION CREATED FOR HIM.

A Former Resident of Massillon Receives Marked Honors and the Commendation of Superintendent White and Trustees.

Dr. Charles H. Clark, of Washington, who was prominently mentioned two years ago as a superintendent of some Ohio benevolent institution, has been appointed assistant superintendent at the government hospital for the insane at Washington, of which Dr. William A. White is superintendent. Dr. White intends to leave soon on an extended trip to Europe, and the board has chosen Dr. Clark to act in his place. The position was created by the directors for Dr. Clark. A dispatch from Washington says:

"The board of the government hospital for the insane has appointed Dr. Charles H. Clark to the position of clinical director of the hospital. His duties will be, in the main, to bring into closer organic connection the different medical services. He will have general supervision and oversight of all medical work, the supervision and charge of the hydrotherapeutic department, operating room, training school for nurses and be a clearing house through whom all transfers of patients from one service to another must be made. He will, also, have charge of the clinical records. Dr. Clark will also give lectures to the corps of physicians and others connected with the hospital. He will be master of his own time. Superintendent White has issued a circular letter notifying all connected with the hospital of the appointment and commends Dr. Clark very highly for past services and ability. An increase in salary accompanies the appointment."

Dr. Clark is a son-in-law of I. M. Taggart, of Massillon, and is well known in the city. He went to Washington with the late Dr. A. B. Richardson, and his appointment is a mark of merit, as he has been given the specially provided position over the heads of thirteen other physicians in the hospital.

WHY IT SUCCEEDS.

Because it's for One Thing Only, and Massillon is Learning to Appreciate This.

Nothing can be good for everything. Doing one thing well brings success. Doan's Kidney Pills do one thing only. They cure sick kidneys. They cure backache, every kidney ill. Here is Massillon Evidence to prove it.

Louis Feil, clerk at Bechtel & Taggart's grocery, living at 320 Akron street, says: "In May, 1900, I told the people of Massillon through our newspapers that Doan's Kidney Pills cured me of attacks of aching across the loins which at times were severe enough to make me cry out and of other annoyances incidental to kidney trouble. It is now over four years since I made that statement and during that time there have been no recurrences. I have recommended Doan's Kidney Pills repeatedly to friends and acquaintances."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cts. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

HOUSE OWNERS

Should protect their property from paint; one way of saying that they should specify Green Seal Liquid Paint in their contracts. For sale by the Hawk Hardware Co.

TO BLOW UP THE COUNTY JAIL.

Plot Unearthed by Sheriff Wilson Friday.

NITRO GLYCERINE TO BE USED.

Frank Stevens, Awaiting a New Trial, Wrote to a Woman Outside the Jail Telling Her to Get the Explosive and Send it to Him in a Bottle Labeled "Stomach Bitters."

Canton, April 13.—From indirect sources it was learned today that Sheriff Wilson has uncovered a plot conceived by Frank Stevens, now in the county jail awaiting a second trial on the charge of murdering James Burk, several months ago, Irvin Tindall and Jesse Steele, his fellow prisoners, to blow up the prison with nitroglycerin. One of the deputy sheriffs intercepted a letter sent from the jail by Stevens to a woman on the outside, asking her to go to a certain oil driller and procure the desired quantity of nitroglycerin and send it to him in a bottle labeled "stomach bitters." A motion for a new trial for Stevens is to be heard next Monday. If it failed he intended to blow up the jail. Tindall and Steele, characters who are well known to the Massillon police, are in jail on a charge of highway robbery.

IMPROVEMENTS AT HOSPITAL.

Work Will be Commenced on Filtration Beds.

\$8,000 WAS APPROPRIATED.

The State Has the Deed of the Doll Farm of 149 Acres—The Trustees will Meet Next Tuesday at the Hospital.

State Auditor Guilbert has given Dr. H. C. Eymann, of the Massillon state hospital, permission to begin work at once on the much needed filtration beds. The beds will be placed on the Doll farm, as the new land will be more suitable for their location on account of not being far from the hospital.

Friday morning Mr. Pratt, sanitary engineer in the state board of health department, Mr. Kimberly, assistant engineer, of Columbus, and Mr. Hartzell, of Canton, a member of the state board of health, were at the hospital to confer with regard to the placing of these beds and the direct way in which the sewer pipes should be run. In all probability iron pipe will be used instead of tile sewer pipe, which would have to go below the gully. When going through the hill a trench would have to be dug fifteen or twenty feet in depth, which would have to be cribbed on account of the gravel. An iron pipe can be laid down the hill into the gully and up again on the hill so that the point where the sewage runs into the pipe is higher than that where it empties.

The appropriation of \$8,000 for this work will not be received before February 15, 1907, but it will be started with the understanding that it will be paid on that date. The appropriation for the installation of a new telephone for a private branch exchange at the hospital will not be received before February 15, 1907. The state auditor has told Dr. Eymann to proceed with the work with the same understanding as that regarding the filtration beds.

A farm consisting of 149 acres, better known as the Doll farm, was purchased by the Massillon state hospital authorities last Tuesday. The deed has been made out but has not been signed by the hospital trustees. It will be signed at the next meeting of the trustees, which will be held next Thursday evening. The land was purchased for \$30,000, or a little better than \$200 per acre. It lies to the west of the Navarre road and is just opposite the land owned by the hospital.

Cultivation was begun on the new land Wednesday. There are about forty acres of wheat on the farm, and the rest of the ground will be planted in the near future. Dr. Eymann has not yet decided as to who will live in the farm house, but it will be occupied in the near future.

Ten acres of potatoes have been planted by the farmer this week.

The regular hospital dance was held on Thursday evening instead of Friday night.

STRIKE ORDERED.

No Agreement Reached in Sub-District Five.

Wheeling, April 14.—(By Associated Press.)—The operators and miners of sub-district No. 5 failed to agree and a strike has been ordered in the district, composed of Belmont, Harrison and Jefferson counties, in Ohio, and Brooke, Ohio and Marshall counties, in West Virginia. The strike headquarters will be in this city.

CONFERRING WITH ELLIS.

County Prosecutors and the Bridge Trust.

Columbus, April 14.—(By Associated Press.)—A number of county prosecuting attorneys are here, conferring with Attorney General Ellis on the subject of granting immunity to witnesses in the investigation of the bridge trust in their counties.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS.

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired, help wanted, situations wanted, real estate business and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this heading than by any other means. Copy must be in not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Three publications of not more than four lines, 25 cents.

FOR RENT.

A THREE and four roomed house at 139 Green street. Inquire at 143 Green street.

BARBER Shop with residence connected on Railroad street for small family. Apply to R. Clemens, 21 Railroad street.

BUSINESS room, A small business room on West Main street. Inquire at 83 W. Main street.

BUSINESS ROOMS—One room 40x22 ft.; one from office room 13x15; one office 24x18, and one 20x19 on second floor; all with heat, in new independent building. Inquire at Independent office.

FLAT—5 room flat in Sailer Terrace. Inquire Sailer Hotel.

FOUR rooms. Inquire Geo. Nesbit 104 North Hill St. Possession given May 1.

HOUSE—Four-room house on Borden avenue; \$7 per month. O. C. Volkmar, No. 10 S. Erie street. Bell phone 487.

HOUSE—5 room house Green street, 5 room house E. Tremont, 5 room house Kosuth street, 4 room house N. Hill street. Massillon Realty Co., over Merchants Bank.

HOUSE—10 room house with two bath rooms, corner South and Erie Sts. Inquire Mrs. Cady on premises.

HOUSE of five rooms on East Tremont street, No. 130. Inquire of Isaac Conard, over Merchants' bank, South Erie street.

ROOMS—4 large rooms and bath and hot and cold water, right in town on Main St. See S. Burd.

SIX room flat with bath, over Martin's grocery. (Entirely new.) Ready for occupancy at once. Call at store. Wm. E. Martin, 135 W. Tremont street.

WANTED.

A GIRL for general housework; no washing or baking. Good wages. Apply at Richman's West Side Bakery.

COOK. A lady cook at Home Hotel, corner Railroad and Mill streets.

FORTY molders, steady work all year. No labor troubles. District wages paid. Apply to Dennison Foundry & Engineering Company, Dennison, O.

FURNISHED ROOMS—I want to rent two furnished rooms, centrally located, for two gentlemen. Address P. O. Box 108, City.

GIRL—An experienced girl for general housework. Apply at 138 E. Cherry St.

GIRL—A girl for general housework. 85 Prospect street, corner of Chestnut.

MEN everywhere, \$4.00 daily—pass circulars, tack signs—no canvassing; steady. Continental Distributing Service, Chicago.

PAPER HANGERS—Fifteen paper hangers to come to Canton. Steady work. Apply at once. Open nights and Sunday. Call at 310 W. Tuscarawas street, Canton. Mary M. Oliver & Son.

YOU to know that you can get Klansall in any quantity at 82 South East street. The best article for washing woodwork known.

\$5 REWARD to anyone who will put me next to a 6 or 7 room house to rent with all conveniences, east of Ft. Wayne and the Ft. Wayne station and North street. H. C. Straley, care of Forest City Motor Car Co.

LOST.

KEYS—Bunch of keys. Finder please return to Gruber Bros. West Side meat market and receive reward.

MONER—\$15.00 in bills, Wednesday, between Bee Hive and Elyria's store. A suitable reward will be paid to finder. Mrs. Wm. Tasker, 104 Superior St. Bell phone 521.

For Sale or Exchange.

MARE—Well bred mare heavy in foal. West Side Livery. Wm. Bantz Prop.

HOUSE—Eight-room house; gas, city and cistern water. Inquire over 37 S. Mill street.

FOUND.

KEY in front of postoffice. Owner can have it by applying at this office and paying for the advertisement.

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A. J. Humberger Sons Co.

Without A Doubt

The Old and Ever Reliable Carpet and Wall Paper House, is the most Artistic and Best Home Furnishing concern in Stark County, in the line of Carpets, Rugs, Room Size Rugs, Mattings, Linoleums, Fillers and all kinds of Floor Coverings to be had.

Wall Paper, Window Shades and Grilles and everything imaginable in Wall and Ceiling Decorations

The assertion no doubt may seem broad to you, but broader than this is, the assortment of styles and grades that we can show you to make this a positive fact that no where in this city and vicinity can they show you anything like the effects we will show you in this section.

We say exclusive because that is just what it means.

Many things shown you here that seldom are shown out side of Greater New York, on account of the exclusiveness in patterns.

We are agents at Massillon for the Famous Sanderson's line, of England, and the three best Wall Paper Houses in America.

Once acquainted with the line we handle, you will understand the word "exclusive" is rightly termed.

Get next to the prettiest styles shown.

Having Been Fortunate in Securing

A First-Class Paper Hanger and Decorater

from Columbus and combined with our present force of workmen, we are now prepared to do the very best of work on a few days' notice. Let us figure on your paper hanging and shade work.

BAHNEY'S, - - 20 E. Main St.